We create the railway of the future
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Bane NOR’s job is to ensure that the national railway infrastructure is available for rail services. We have to supply efficient, user-friendly services, including the development of hubs and freight terminals.

At Bane NOR, we have to do everything in our power to meet the social aims defined for the railway sector, and we accept these major tasks with utmost respect.

We provide a railway that is already one of the safest, most punctual in Europe, and our aim is to be the best. The organisation focuses on providing as much railway for the money as possible. Our ambition is to put Norway on rails, and openness, commitment and professionalism are the guiding principles for our work.

Bane NOR is responsible for a number of the country’s biggest public transport projects, such as the development of InterCity, the Follo Line and the joint Ringerike Line and E16 project. We own and manage areas five times larger than Drammen, making us one of the country’s largest property managers and developers.

Our employees manage, operate and maintain 4,200 km of railway. We are responsible for the introduction of ERTMS, Norway’s biggest digitisation project. Along the railway, a 5,000 km-long fibre network is now being constructed that will form the backbone of the digital railway. Our staff handle all traffic management and distribution of capacity to train operators and information to rail passengers.

I am proud to lead 4,400 dedicated employees into the future. We must work together to ensure that Bane NOR is able to handle the corporate social responsibility assigned to us by the government and The Norwegian Parliament. We will create a predictable railway where all passengers and freight arrive by the agreed time.

Gorm Frimannslund
CEO
Bane NOR’s ambition is to be a future-oriented contributor to society that supplies a safe, reliable and functional transport system. Through development of property, hubs and freight terminals we form the basis for traffic growth on the railway.

This is Bane NOR

Bane NOR's responsibilities

- to plan and build new railway infrastructure
- to manage, operate, maintain and renew the national rail network
- to run the railway operationally, including traffic management and information at stations
- to manage and develop both railway property and other property
- to coordinate operational safety work, operational preparedness and operational crisis management

The Farnesledet–Porsgrunn double track will be completed in autumn 2018.
The Railway Reform in brief

The purpose of the Railway Reform is to facilitate everyday transport for individuals and businesses. The ambition is to create greater predictability and clearer distribution of responsibilities in the railway sector, as well as adapting for the competitive tendering of passenger services.

When The Norwegian Parliament resolved to support the reform proposed by the government, a new state-owned company was founded in February 2016 as the successor to Jernbaneverket (the Norwegian National Rail administration). This company was named Bane NOR SF and was fully operational from January 1, 2017. A new Railway Directorate responsible to the Ministry of Transport and Communications was established at the same time. The Directorate is responsible for state purchases of passenger transport and the planning and development of train services and new railway lines in Norway. The Directorate concludes agreements with railway sector stakeholders on the supply of specific services.

Bane NOR SF, transport company NSB AS, Entur AS (national sales outlet for rail tickets), Norske tog AS (company that guarantee access to rolling stock for passenger operators) and Mantena AS (company that offers maintenance and workshop services for rolling stock) are all wholly owned by the Ministry of Transport and Communications.
Choosing the train over other forms of transport must be attractive for both passengers and freight. This is why Bane NOR focuses on its customers when developing the railway and the services for which we are responsible.

More people choosing the train

Choosing the train over other forms of transport must be attractive for both passengers and freight. This is why Bane NOR focuses on its customers when developing the railway and the services for which we are responsible.

We want both passengers and freight to use trains, and to achieve this we have to plan and collaborate well. Did you know, for example, that planning the departure time for your train began many years ago?

Norwegian railway lines are popular and their capacity has to be planned so that we can utilise every single second and every single metre. A number of people work with this, and planning begins several years ahead. The Railway Directorate examines requirements and devises the long-term strategies for rail services more than a decade in advance, and when Bane NOR takes over the plans we launch a process which we call capacity distribution. Access to tracks has to be divided between passenger trains and freight trains. Time also has to be earmarked for necessary maintenance and renewals.

Planning track access requires much cooperation. This work involves both train operators and our own project managers. We have developed a number of digital tools to help with this work.

Routes are ordered in one tool (BEST), planned in another (TPS) and distributed to drivers and other people working on the railway in a third (FIDO).

Traffic management

Just as airports have control towers, railways have traffic management centres. All trains are driven by train drivers, but the journeys of each and every train are planned, approved, monitored and managed by Bane NOR traffic controllers. Our traffic controllers work shifts around the clock at the Traffic Control Centres.

Power system dispatchers and train information officers also work at the Traffic Control Centres. The power system dispatchers monitor and remotely control the power supply systems that supply power to trains via the catenaries.

Train information officers are responsible for providing rail service information to passengers. This information is provided via loudspeakers and screens at stations and is sent to websites and apps as well.

Did you know, our rail services are spread over 1,900 daily train routes?

... and that 200,000 people travel by train every day!

The target for 9 out of 10 passenger trains to run according to timetable was reached for the fifth consecutive year in 2016.
Some sections of the railway have not been upgraded to centralized traffic control as of yet. On these sections, train dispatchers control the traffic, allowing trains to proceed and issue them with running permits. These dispatchers, also known as txp, remain at the station buildings along lines without centralized traffic control.

Transporting freight by rail relieves pressure on the roads.

Besides passengers, 31.6 million tonnes of freight were transported by rail in Norway in 2015, and the proportion of freight transported by rail is expected to increase over the next few years. The ambition is to achieve a level of 40 million tonnes in 2030. The freight transported includes containers of consumables transported throughout Norway (combi-transport), ore transported between Kiruna in Sweden and Narvik in Norway, and timber from the inland part of eastern Norway to Sweden.

Efforts are being made to make cross-border freight transport simpler, and a direct route was established recently between Italy and Norway.

Good punctuality

Punctuality is the most important factor for people who travel by train and companies that transport their goods by rail. “Is my train on time?” Bane NOR has a systematic, targeted approach when it comes to identifying ways of improving Norwegian rail punctuality still further. This is achieved by measures such as monitoring vital track components so that they can be replaced before they cause faults and delays. Our punctuality is currently among the best in Europe.

Modern railway stations

We currently have 336 operational railway stations in Norway. Many of these are equipped with modern information screens and speakers, waiting rooms and car parks. More and more stations are being upgraded in order to improve accessibility for passengers. Since Verdens, Skotbu, Moev and Stange were upgraded in early 2017, 27 of our stations have been granted universal design status, which means they are accessible to all.

Some central stations have also been equipped with “cycle hotels” for safe storage of bicycles. Bane NOR also provides almost 19,000 parking spaces for rail passengers and has designated areas for commuters at 36 stations.

Assistance service

Bane NOR offers a free assistance service at some of the busiest railway stations in Norway. This involves helping passengers with reduced mobility to get to and from the platforms and in and out of the station.

Constant improvement in customers’ satisfaction with railways

We are keen to know what the people who use our railway think of us. This is why we carry out regular surveys to find out how satisfied our customers are with our station areas and the effectiveness of the information flow at stations. In 2016, passengers gave these areas a score of 74 out of 100. This is a good result, but we want to go on improving. We are working in particular to improve the information we provide in the event of disruptions to rail traffic.

Customer information

Bane NOR is responsible for providing passengers with good information via speakers and screens at stations, on websites and in service apps. We provide information on train structures, where trains are going and where they will be stopping.

This information is also available to blind and visually impaired people. Inside Norway call 02009 for information about all timetables and stations.

Punctuality is defined as the number of trains on time at the terminal station (as a percentage). “On time” is defined as arrival at the terminal station within a margin of three minutes and 59 seconds. For long-distance trains and freight trains, this margin is five minutes and 59 seconds. The target for passenger trains is for 90 per cent of trains to reach their final station on time, while the target for Flytoget (the Airport Express Train) is 95 per cent.

Trains on time

Annual train timetable launch

More people choosing the train

The train is becoming more popular as a mode of transport. In 2016 the increase in train journeys was significant. 74.2 million train journeys were recorded. The same figure for 2011 was 59.4 million.

Rail traffic in the central part of eastern Norway was rescheduled in 2012, and the service was improved significantly. There was a 20 per cent increase in the number of trains. New train sets were purchased, and there were more departures which were more predictable, offering more stops and reduced travelling time. Since then the popularity of trains as a mode of transport has increased significantly, and people are flocking to the railways.

Call us or write us an email. We need your feedback if we are to improve.

banenor.no/kundesenter
The national rail network in figures

4,200
Kilometres of railway track

336
Railway stations and stops for passenger services

700
Tunnels

3,500
Level crossings

Number of trains calling at our biggest towns and cities over a 24-hour period

1,000+
Oslo

157
Stavanger

96
Bergen

105
Trondheim

2,500
Bridges

12
Freight terminals

74 million
Number of train journeys recorded in Norway in 2016

31.6 million
Number of tonnes of ore, timber and freight containers on Norwegian railways in 2015
The purpose of this major digital initiative is to ensure that the railway infrastructure is always accessible and in good condition. For passengers and freight industry, this means more trains with increased punctuality. It also means improved and customised traffic information and enhancement of rail travel.

The introduction of the computerised ERTMS signalling system is the biggest digitalisation project in Norway. ERTMS will modernise the way in which rail traffic is managed. More extensive automation, monitoring of all trains via mobile networks and intelligent systems for dealing with discrepancies are just some of the advantages of ERTMS. The signalling infrastructure will also be easier to maintain and develop. ERTMS has been in use on the Østfold Line between Ski and Sarpsborg since August 2015.

Technology – the future for railways

The railways of the future will be characterised by modern computer technology. The introduction of a series of computerised systems will change the ways in which Bane NOR operates, maintains and develops its railway lines.

The new ERTMS signalling system will modernise the planning and management of rail traffic. There will be more trains with increased punctuality, and rail travel will be enhanced.

With ERTMS, signal lights will be replaced with computers aboard trains. Trains will communicate via the railway’s own GSM-R network.

The railways are already using many computerised solutions. Many tasks relating to route allocation, maintenance and customer information are currently executed using PCs or tablets.

Sensors along the train routes issue alerts when the railway infrastructure requires inspection.

ERTMS stands for European Rail Traffic Management System, a joint signalling system for railways in Europe. Every EU country has a binding plan for the roll-out of ERTMS which is supported by the authorities.

Bane NOR’s objective is to renew its signalling systems on all railway lines by 2030.

Facts
Bane NOR can continuously monitor the condition of its railways by using sensors and monitoring the power consumption of track components. This allows us to rectify technical faults before they affect rail services. Such systems are already used on several railway lines, between Oslo and Drammen, for instance. This will become the standard for the entire rail network in Norway in a few years’ time. We call this “smart maintenance”, because staying one step ahead is generally a pretty smart thing to do.

Bane NOR’s digital initiative is facilitating better utilisation of existing resources and expertise in a number of specialist fields, providing more and better railway for the money invested. The digital railway is becoming increasingly apparent in three areas:

Signal renewal
This renewal involves introducing both ERTMS and Thales systems (also computerised). Bane NOR’s objective is to renew its signalling systems on all railway lines by 2030.

Condition monitoring
Monitoring the condition of the railway gives us the opportunity to remedy technical faults that may lead to delayed services. Power consumption and sensors provide alerts when the railway requires inspection.

ICT security
A digital railway is a vulnerable railway. Bane NOR is carefully monitoring potential threats in an increasingly computerised world. We have to protect the railway infrastructure from deliberate actions that may affect rail services, people or assets.
Operation, maintenance and renewals in 2017

Bane NOR employees are out on the tracks every day, all year round, for operation, maintenance and renewal of railway lines in Norway. In 2017, we will spend NOK 2.4 billion on renewal projects of various sizes all over the country. We will also spend NOK 6.3 billion on maintenance.

Ensuring safety is by far the most important reason as to why we maintain our rail systems. Good maintenance is also a prerequisite for punctual traffic. Faults and defects that are detected early on can be remedied before causing service stoppages. This is also the reason why Bane NOR is starting to use new digital solutions for monitoring important track components, such as point switches.

This year our jobs will include replacing old sleepers, rails and point switches and doing extensive work on drainage.

Good maintenance extends the service life of system elements, allowing us to benefit more from our investments; but sooner or later renewals are needed if we are to maintain the desired functionality. This year, most of our renewal work will be taking place on the Sørlandet Line, the Østfold Line, the Dovre Line and the Nordland Line.

We will be renewing the power supply system on the section between Egersund and Kristiansand on the Sørlandet Line. We will be installing a new catenary and a new autotransformer system. We will also be replacing old wooden pylons with steel pylons between Moi and Egersund. This will provide greater reliability and allow us to operate additional, longer trains. We will also be renewing rails, tunnels, bridges, terminals, public areas and telecommunications systems. All this work will help to improve the standard and punctuality of the Norwegian railway.

Bane NOR is also working on the necessary renewal of old signalling technology. When ERTMS is completed in around 2030, we will be able to offer passengers an even safer, more reliable railway with greater capacity.

Figures for 2017

- **Operation**: We will be spending NOK 6.3 billion on operation and maintenance.
- **Renewal projects**: NOK 2 billion will be carried out.
- **ERTMS**: NOK 460 million will be spent on the introduction of ERTMS.
- **Operation**: Bane NOR’s aim is to start digital monitoring of 500 point switches with 1,200 point motors.
Building the railway of the future

There is broad agreement that the railway should be a central element in resolving the transport challenges of the future. As a construction client responsible for a number of major construction projects, Bane NOR is the key to achieving this aim.

Hub development
The railway links Norway together and helps to shape the country. When Bane NOR develops attractive hubs that work well in connection with railways, we influence where people choose to live and where they work.

Bane NOR owns, develops and manages all railway property in Norway. Our Property Management division is Norway’s leading developer of hubs and an important stakeholder in community and urban development.

Bane NOR Property Management has more than 200 ongoing property development projects at hubs in Norwegian towns and urban districts and develops both commercial property and housing. The division also manages all the Norwegian railway stations, and work together with our tenants to develop stations, turning them into attractive destinations with pleasant eateries and shops. The Property Management division’s ambition is to persuade more people to use the railways. The property business is an important source of income for Bane NOR.
When Bane NOR develops and improves rail services, we influence where people choose to live and where they work.

CEO Gorm Frimannslund

InterCity development in eastern Norway

Forecasts for Oslo and the central part of eastern Norway indicate strong population growth over the next few decades. Significant improvement of rail services on the InterCity network will play an important part in relieving the pressure on the capital city area and in the development of the areas where people live and work along the InterCity sections.

The InterCity initiative includes the planning and construction of 270 kilometres of new double track and 25 new stations.

This development paves the way for services that meet the demand for transport in line with population growth. This will result in shorter travel times, frequent departures and very regular services.

The Infrastructure Construction Division is responsible for implementation of the biggest projects, while renewals and smaller projects are managed by the Infrastructure Management Division.

Other major projects

The construction of a new double track on the very busy section between Arna and Bergen will improve the situation for both freight and passenger services. A new tunnel through Ulriken, 7.8 km long, will cover most of the section. This project will be completed in 2022.

In Trøndelag, the Trondheim–Stjørdal–Steinkjer and Hei–Storløken sections will be electrified by 2023. This affects around 200 km of railway in total.

Other major projects involving planning and start-up in the period to 2030 include a new double track between Arna and Stanghelle on the Bergen Line, linking together of the Vestfold Line and the Sørlandet Line (Grenland Line) and a new double track between Sandnes and Egersund. The National Transport Plan also paves the way for measures designed to encourage freight traffic, worth NOK 18 billion overall.

The Infrastructure Construction Division is responsible for implementation of the biggest projects, while renewals and smaller projects are managed by the Infrastructure Management Division.

Notes:
1 The government proposal for a National Transport Plan for 2018–29 forms the basis for the references to the construction projects in this section.
Safety and the environment

Safety and the environment are important elements in Bane NOR’s corporate social responsibility. Through our day-to-day operation and development of the infrastructure we make a positive contribution to both of these important fields.

One of the safest in Europe

The Norwegian railways are among the safest in Europe. Systematic, risk-based safety work, in combination with close monitoring from the authorities, has an important part to play in this, and Bane NOR’s aim is to continually improve.

Our aim is to make sure that no lives are lost on the railways. This is why safety takes top priority throughout the entire organisation, and our skilled employees help to maintain and further improve safety in many different ways.

Risk analyses

We use risk analyses to implement targeted measures in areas where the gains are deemed to be greatest.

Operation and maintenance

Good maintenance is important to both safety and the reliability of rail services, and so it is a high priority for us. Mapping areas that may be susceptible to flooding, landslides and avalanches and measures for reducing the risk of such incidents form part of this work.

When we keep platforms and other public areas clear of snow and ice in winter, we are helping to ensure that our customers can travel safely.

Level crossings and awareness campaigns

Bane NOR takes its corporate social responsibility very seriously. We use information and awareness campaigns to help make people of all ages more aware of the importance of taking care when crossing the railway line.

We are also working to eliminate level crossings. We reduced the number of level crossings by 60 in 2016, most of which were on the new InterCity section opened around Holmestrand.

We also implement both major and minor measures each year to improve safety on the 3,500 or so remaining level crossings. Around 170 such measures were implemented in 2016.

Health, safety and the environment

Bane NOR is helping to make the construction sector safer and greener and to run railways in safe, environmentally efficient ways.

As a professional, responsible developer, Bane NOR focuses on health, safety and the environment (HSE) at our building and construction sites and has signed a Charter for a zero-injury building and construction industry.

Rail service management and monitoring

Rail services are remotely controlled and monitored constantly from our Traffic Control Centres. You can find out more about this on page 11.

The following sections include examples of some of the many projects we are implementing with regard to safety and the environment.

CEO Gorm Frimannslund

Our aim is to make sure that no lives are lost.

A new, computerised signalling system (Thales) was put in operation on the Langset–Kleverud section of the Dovre Line in 2015.
New technology
The introduction of modern technology such as new signalling systems and monitoring of technical track components is helping to make the railway even safer. Find out more about the major digital initiative in progress on pages 16-19.

High priority for environmental work at Bane NOR
This work involves following up statutory operation and maintenance requirements and specifying environmental requirements for railway planning and development.

Construction
Bane NOR is working constantly to check and reduce unwanted impact on natural diversity throughout all phases of its construction projects. We map natural diversity, monitor water quality in streams and rivers and restore adjacent terrain. We compensate as far as possible for encroachment on cultivated land by establishing new agricultural land on permanent landfill sites, for example.

Planned improvements
Environmental improvements are being implemented in accordance with specific action and maintenance plans in order to reduce greenhouse gas emissions by means of various energy streamlining measures, for instance.

Rail grinding is an effective way of preventing and reducing both wear and traffic noise. Vegetation clearance and removal of new growth along the track, along with construction and maintenance of fences, are examples of measures implemented to reduce collisions with animals.

Trains are eco-friendly and energy-efficient
- a green solution!
In Norway, there is a political aim to move freight from the roads to the railways where appropriate. Trains can transport lots of passengers and freight at once, so they are an important contributor to the national eco-friendly transport initiative. If more passengers and freight in Norway were transported by rail, this would relieve the strain on our roads. This would mean less congestion, safer roads and efficient use of space.

Ofoten Line
Around 60 per cent of freight travelling by rail in Norway is transported on the Ofoten Line, even though this line constitutes merely one per cent of the rail network.
- Around 20 million tonnes of iron ore are transported between Kiruna and Narvik each year.
- At present, 16 freight trains a week operate each way between Oslo and Narvik.
- Heading south, around 200,000 tonnes of fish are transported each year, which is equivalent to around half of all the fish transported by rail in Norway.

Did you know
That a loaded ore train on the Ofoten Line produces 2,700 kWh of electricity under braking on the run from the border with Sweden to Narvik. But when it travels back from Narvik to the border, it uses just 800 kWh more (a total of around 3,500 kWh).
Did you know that Bane NOR is a state-owned company employing specialists in a wide range of fields?

30-40 per cent of Bane NOR’s annual employment is within traditional core fields:

- Building and construction
- Power and energy
- Electrics, automation and cybernetics
- Communications technology and telecommunications

30 – 40 %

10-15 per cent of all new employees are recruited to manage infrastructure construction projects. Our need for skilled employees increases as our project activity expands.

10 – 15 %

Bane NOR focuses on safety, quality and process improvement and will be needing experts in fields such as climate change, community safety and information technology in years to come. As a new signalling system and new maintenance management systems are introduced, Bane NOR will need more people who are capable of innovation, development and operation of new technology.
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